DIVIJ KOHLI

Champaign, Illinois, USA

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EDUCATION

Ph.D. Finance Gies College of Business, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign	Expected: May 2027 USA
M.Sc. Applied Quantitative Finance	2015 - 2017
Madras School of Economics	India
B.Sc. (Hons.) Mathematics	2011 - 2014
University of Delhi	India

REFERENCES

Professor Julia Fonseca

Associate Professor of Finance, Gies College of Business juliaf@illinois.edu

Professor Julian Rief Associate Professor, Gies College of Business jreif@illinois.edu

RESEARCH INTEREST

Household Finance, Financial Inclusion, Banking

WORKING PAPERS

The Effects of Deleting Medical Debt from Consumer Credit ReportsNBER WPwith Victor Duarte, Julia Fonseca, and Julian ReifNBER WP

One in seven Americans carry medical debt, with \$88 billion reported on consumer credit reports. In April 2023, the three major credit bureaus stopped reporting medical debts below \$500. We study the effects of this information deletion on consumer credit scores, credit limits and utilization, repayment behavior, and payday borrowing. Using a machine learning model, we show that small medical debts are not meaningfully predictive of defaults, suggesting their deletion should have minimal effect on lending decisions. We test this prediction using two complementary research designs. First, a regression discontinuity analysis comparing individuals above and below the \$500 threshold finds no direct benefits from the information deletion, ruling out small changes in credit access. Second, to assess indirect effects, we classify consumers based on whether their predicted default probability increases or decreases when debts are deleted. A difference-in-differences analysis comparing these groups before and after the 2023 policy change reveals no evidence of negative spillover effects. Finally, we show that larger medical debts (\geq \$500) are also not meaningfully predictive of default, suggesting that eliminating medical debts entirely from credit reports, as planned under a January 2025 decision by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, is unlikely to affect credit outcomes.

Presentations (* by co-author): University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign Brown Bag (2024), Georgetown McDonough* (2025), Brazilian Finance Society* (2025)

House of Stolen Cards: Does Payment Security Improve Credit Outcomes for Households? SSRN WP

with Justin Mohr

Credit card fraud is the most common type of identity fraud in the U.S. with a cost of over \$11.64 billion. In 2014, the U.S. government pushed for widespread adoption of more secure chip-enabled credit cards to safeguard consumers from financial fraud and improve confidence in the marketplace. We study the effects of this technological innovation in payment security on household credit outcomes. Using a matched sample staggered difference-in-differences event study, we show that before this intervention fraud exposed consumers faced decline in access to credit. Post this innovation, consumers see greater credit availability. We then examine consumer behavior associated with exposure to fraud and find that consumers reduce their credit demand and face increased financial distress. These findings do not change following the innovation. Heterogeneity analysis shows that low credit score households are more likely to have higher decline in credit demand and increased financial distress. Our findings suggest that persistent consumer distrust underscores the need for further policy innovations, such as one-time passcodes for credit card transactions and sufficient financial education to consumers.

Presentations (* by co-author): University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign Brown Bag (2024), FMA* (2024), Boulder Summer Conference Poster Session (2025) (scheduled)

WORK IN PROGRESS

The Other Half: Monetary Policy Transmission for Households without Mortgages with Justin Mohr and Yucheng Zhou 0.1cm Presentation: Financial Management Association Early Ideas (2024)

Household's Early Access to Credit: Good or Bad?

TEACHING AND RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Teaching Assistant	Spring 2025
Corporate Finance (Undergraduate Course) by James Mendelson, UIUC	
Teaching Assistant Corporate Finance (Undergraduate Course) by James Mendelson, UIUC Included on the "List of Instructors Rated Excellent by Their Students"	Fall 2024
Research Assistant For Prof. Can Huang	2023 - 2024
Research Assistant For Prof. Jaewon Choi	2022 - 2023
ERVICES	
Program Committee Southern Finance Association 2024 Annual Meeting	2024
Organizer, Finance Ph.D. Student Seminar Series University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign	Aug 2024- Present
Organizer, Finance Reading Group University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign	Aug 2023- Present
President, Indian Graduate Students Association University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign	May 2023- Present

HONORS & FELLOWSHIPS

Included on the "List of Instructors Rated Excellent by Their Students"	Fall 2024
Zwisler Fellowship Fellowship for academic achievements	2024
Outstanding Asian and Asian American Graduate Student Leader Asian American Cultural Center, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign	2024
Lakonishok Doctoral Fellowship University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign	2022 - Present
Monteith Technology Award University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign	2022
Madras School of Economics' Fellowship Fellowship for academic excellence	2016
Madras School of Economics' Fellowship Fellowship for academic excellence	2015

INDUSTRY EXPERIENCE & PROFESSIONAL COURSES

Assistant Vice President	Nov 2019 - July 2022
Barclays Bank	India
Associate Consultant	June 2019 - Nov 2019
Mckinsey & Company	India
Financial Risk Consultant	July 2017 - May 2019
Ernst & Young	India
Certified Financial Risk Manager Global Association of Risk Professionals	2017 - 2019
Actuarial Science Examinations IFOA & IAI: CT-1, CT-3, CT-4, CT-5, CT-6, CT-7, CT-9	2012 - 2017

TECHNICAL STRENGTHS

Programming Languages	STATA, SQL, Python
Tools	Latex, Tableau

PERSONAL INFORMATION

NationalityIndianLanguagesHindi (Native), English (Bilingual Proficiency), Punjabi (Spoken)